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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/562,652	12/27/2005	Tomohiro Oshiyama	05905/HG	3848
1933 7590	03/29/2007	EXAMINER		
FRISHAUF, HOLTZ, GOODMAN & CHICK, PC 220 Fifth Avenue 16TH Floor NEW YORK, NY 10001-7708			GARRETT, DAWN L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1774	
		. <u></u>		
SHORTENED STATUTORY PER	LIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTH	3	03/29/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/562,652	OSHIYAMA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Dawn Garrett	1774			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 December 2005</u> .					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Applicati	on Papers	·				
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 27 December 2005 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a) \square accepted or b) \square objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment	t(s)		٥			
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 12-27-05.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	ite			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This application is a 371 of PCT/JP2004/009391 filed June 25, 2004.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Matsuura et al. (US 6,750,608).

The applied reference has common inventors with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Matsuura et al. discloses electroluminescent displays comprising a phosphorescent compound in the light-emitting layer (see abstract). The devices further comprise hole blocking and/or electron transporting layers (see col. 6, lines 31-42). Preferred hole blocking material includes a fluorinated compound (see col. 26, lines 40-64)). Preferred electron transporting material includes fluorinated compounds (see col. 29-38). Matsuura et al. further discusses an electron withdrawing group on the electron transporting compounds at col. 37, lines 48-61).

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With regard to claims 4 and 5, an EL element may emit blue light and three EL elements may be combined for emitting white light (see col. 6, lines 12-26). With regard to claims 6-8 a variety of display devices may incorporate the EL elements (see col. 39, line 60 to col. 40, line 14).

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Matsuura et al. is silent with respect to the HOMO and LUMO values of the hole blocking materials or electron transporting materials that are fluorinated. The materials with electron withdrawing groups are considered to meet the property limitation ranges, absent evidence otherwise given their similarity to the fluorinated compounds disclosed in the present specification. Recitation of a newly disclosed property does not distinguish over a reference disclosure of the article or composition claims. General Electric v. Jewe Incandescent Lamp Co., 67 USPQ 155. Titanium Metal Corp. v. Banner, 227 USPQ 773. Applicant bears responsibility for proving that reference material does not possess the characteristics recited in the claims. In re Fritzgerald, 205 USPQ 597, In re Best, 195 USPQ 430.

4. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Suh et al. (US 2004/0056266 A1). Suh et al. discloses light emitting devices comprising a phosphorescent light-emitting layer (see abstract). The devices further comprise a hole blocking layer (see par. 65). Preferred hole blocking material includes fluorinated compounds (see bottom of page 5 and top of page 6). With regard to claim 4, Suh et al. discloses making a device having red [R], green [G] and blue [B] emission layers (these three result in white light) (see par. 39). With regard to claims 6-8 a variety of display devices may incorporate the EL elements (see col. 39, line 60 to col. 40, line 14). With regard to claims 6 and 7, Suh et al. discloses displays with the EL elements (see par. 3-5, 21, and 38).

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Suh et al. is silent with respect to the HOMO and LUMO values of the hole blocking materials that are fluorinated. The materials with electron withdrawing groups are considered to meet the property limitation ranges, absent evidence otherwise given their similarity to the fluorinated compounds disclosed in the present specification. Recitation of a newly disclosed property does not distinguish over a reference disclosure of the article or composition claims.

General Electric v. Jewe Incandescent Lamp Co., 67 USPQ 155. Titanium Metal Corp. v.

Banner, 227 USPQ 773. Applicant bears responsibility for proving that reference material does not possess the characteristics recited in the claims. In re Fritzgerald, 205 USPQ 597, In re Best, 195 USPQ 430.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suh et al. (US 2004/0056266 A1) in view of Sano et al. (US 6,358,633 B1). Suh et al. in relied upon as set forth above. Suh et al. fails to teach specifically that a display comprising the EL device can be used with a liquid crystal cell. Sano et al. teaches in analogous art that an organic electroluminescent device can be utilized as a back light of a liquid crystal display (see col. 1, lines 52-55). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have incorporated the device taught by Suh with a liquid crystal display, because one would expect the combination of the device and liquid crystal display to result in a back light display emitting at a low voltage.

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Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dawn Garrett whose telephone number is (571) 272-1523. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached at (571) 272-3186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Dawn Garrett Primary Examiner Art Unit 1774